Cobalt-Catalyzed Alkyne-Nitrile Cyclotrimerization to Form Pyridines in Aqueous Solution

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Supporting Information

All reactions and manipulations were conducted under a dry argon atmosphere either using an inert atmosphere glove-box or standard Schlenk techniques. All nitriles and alkynes were purchased from Aldrich Chemical Company and purified by either vacuum distillation or recrystallization prior to use. Methanol (for cyclotrimerization reactions) was distilled from magnesium turnings, and water was Millipore quality. All NMR data were recorded on a Bruker ARX (300 MHz ¹H, 75 MHz ¹³C) or a Bruker AMX (300 MHz ¹H, 75 MHz ¹³C) spectrometer. NMR data for kinetic analyses were acquired on a Bruker AMX (400 MHz ¹H, 100 MHz ¹³C). Chemical shifts are reported in parts per million (ppm) referenced to the ¹H resonance of the protonated solvent. Mass spectral data were obtained from the departmental facility at Washington State University, NeXstar Pharmaceuticals, Inc., or UC Berkeley Mass Spectral facilities. Elemental analyses were obtained from Desert Analytics, Tucson, AZ. Melting points were recorded on a Mel-Temp apparatus and are uncorrected.

Synthesis of 2. The synthesis of **2**, $Cp^{\$}-d_4Co(COD)$, and $Cp^{\$}Co(COD-d_8)$ were prepared as previously reported.¹

General Cyclotrimerization Procedure: A 30 mL reaction vessel equipped with a Teflon screw cap was charged with 40 mg (125 μ mol) Cp^sCo(COD), 430 mg (5 mmol) 2-butyne-1,4-diol, 131 μ L (2.5 mmol) acetonitrile and 5 mL 70/30 water/methanol. The mixture was subjected to three cycles of freeze-pump-thaw then placed into an oil bath set at 85 °C for 20 hours. After 20 hours, the bomb was cooled to ambient temperature and volatiles were removed by rotary evaporation. The remaining residue was subjected to silica column chromatography with 10% MeOH/CH₂Cl₂.

16: ¹H NMR (300MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 2.54 (s, 3H), 4.64 (m, 8H), 4.95 (m, 2H), 5.09 (m, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 22.04, 55.66, 55.93, 56.72, 62.70, 130.81, 132.26, 147.85, 155.38, 156.62; MS m/z (MH⁺) 214; HRMS m/z (MH⁺) for C₁₀H₁₅NO₄ calcd 214.1079; found 214.1079; Anal. Calcd for C₁₀H₁₅NO₄: C, 56.09; H, 7.06; N, 6.54; found C, 56.10; H, 7.31; N, 6.45; mp 144-146 °C

17: An equimolar mixture of *E* and *Z* isomers: ¹H NMR (300MHz, MeOD-*d*₄) δ 1.82 (dd, *J* = 1.7 Hz, 7.1 Hz, 3H), 1.97 (dd, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1.4 Hz, 3H), 4.86 (m, 24H), 6.09 (qd, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 7.1 Hz, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.74 (dq, *J* = 11.6 Hz, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.94 (m, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, MeOD-*d*₄) δ 15.40, 18.94, 57.47, 57.59, 57.76, 57.93, 58.07, 58.62, 63.90, 64.10, 128.06, 128.39, 131.49, 132.01, 132.81, 133.35, 133.78, 134.59, 150.09, 150.46, 154.92, 156.08, 158.20, 158.25; MS *m*/*z* (M⁺) 239; HRMS *m*/*z* (MH) for C₁₂H₁₇NO₄ calcd 239.1158; found 239.1151

18: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 2.11 (s, 3H), 4.62 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.67 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.69 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 4.76 (d, J = 5.3 Hz, 2H), 5.01 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.06 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.10 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.16 (s, 1H), 5.18 (t, J = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (s, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 23.41, 55.69, 56.30, 57.32, 62.93, 116.38, 130.84, 132.07, 143.61, 149.52, 156.93, 158.68; MS m/z (M⁺) 239; HRMS m/z for C₁₂H₁₇NO₄ calcd 239.1158; found 239.1161; Anal. Calcd for C₁₂H₁₇NO₄: C, 60.24; H, 7.16; N, 5.85; found C, 60.08; H, 7.09; N, 5.81; mp 131-132 °C

19: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 1.84 (p, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.08 (s, 3H), 2.49 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 2.81 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 4.65 (m, 8H), 4.97 (m, 2H), 5.08 (m, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 23.47, 29.83, 33.60, 42.44, 55.67, 56.06, 56.23, 62.74, 130.88, 132.04, 148.32, 156.72, 158.24, 208.54; MS m/z (M⁺) 283; HRMS m/z for C₁₄H₂₁NO₅ calcd 283.1420; found 283.1409

20: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 3.29 (s, 3H), 4.58 (s, 2H), 4.67 (br. s, 8H), 5.00 (br. s, 2H), 5.13 (br. s, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 55.71, 55.83, 55.90, 57.93, 62.86, 74.00, 133.24, 133.76, 148.99, 153.71, 157.03

21: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*) δ 2.09 (s, 3H), 3.94 (s, 2H), 4.66 (s, 4H), 4.68 (s, 4H), 5.30 (br. s, 4H);¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-*d₆*) δ 36.91, 49.21, 55.84, 56.11, 56.17, 62.82, 132.13, 132.57, 149.00, 155.41, 156.85

22: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 1.08 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 3H), 3.10 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.42 (q, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 3.70 (t, J = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 4.68 (m, 8H), 5.06 (m, 2H), 5.08 (m, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 15.16, 34.91, 55.66, 56.01, 56.30, 62.73, 65.37, 69.62, 131.09, 132.69, 148.17, 155.93, 156.87; MS m/z (M-C₂H₅⁺) 242; HRMS m/z for C₁₁H₁₆NO₅ calcd 242.1028; found 242.1030

23: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) & 4.52 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.73 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.75 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 4.82 (d, J = 5.4 Hz, 2H), 5.07 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.14 (t, J = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 5.23 (m, 2H), 7.45 (m, 3H), 7.67 (m, 2H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) & 55.76, 56.29, 57.57, 63.02, 127.95, 129.28, 129.34, 131.32, 132.48, 140.20, 149.83, 156.80, 157.72; MS m/z (MH⁺) 276; HRMS m/z for C₁₅H₁₇NO₄ calcd 276.1236; found 276.1251; Anal. Calcd for C₁₅H₁₇NO₄: C, 65.43; H, 6.23; N, 5.09; found C, 65.24; H, 6.37; N, 4.85; mp 119-121 °C

24: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 4.24 (s, 2H), 4.64 (m, 8H), 5.08 (m, 4H), 7.22 (m, 5H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 41.92, 57.31, 58.41, 58.56, 62.95, 127.41, 129.65, 130.01, 131.52, 133.31, 141.06, 150.57, 157.46, 158.71; MS m/z (M-H⁺) 288; HRMS (M-H⁺) m/z for C₁₆H₁₈NO₄ calcd 288.1236; found 288.1234

25: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ 3.80 (s, 3H), 4.19 (s, 2H), 4.63 (m, 8H), 4.99 (m, 3H), 5.11 (m, 1H), 6.77 (m, 2H), 6.98 (m, 1H), 7.16 (m, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, MeOD-*d*₃) δ 35.82, 55.99. 57.54, 58.11, 58.37, 63.66, 111.46, 121.52, 128.79, 129.29, 130.76, 132.50, 134.18, 150.68, 158.15, 158.46, 159.58; MS *m*/*z* (M⁺) 319; HRMS *m*/*z*

for C₁₇H₂₁NO₅ calcd 319.1420; found 319.1406; Anal calcd for C₁₇H₂₁NO₅: C, 63.90; H, 6.63; N, 4.39; found C, 64.22; H, 6.84; N, 4.34; mp 145-147 °C

26: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 2.11 (m, 2H), 2.53 (m, 4H), 3.96 (s, 2H), 4.97 (m, 8H), 5.32 (m, 2H), 5.42 (m, 3H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 22.87, 31.97, 35.13, 37.21, 55.66, 56.04, 56.34, 62.59, 124.60, 131.20, 132.36, 142.76, 148.54, 156.34, 156.73; MS *m*/*z* (M⁺) 279; HRMS *m*/*z* for C₁₅H₂₁NO₄ calcd 279.1471; found 279.1471

27: ¹H NMR (300 MHz, Pyridine- d_5) δ 1.68 (p, J = 6 Hz, 4H), 3.74 (t, J = 6 Hz, 4H), 5.11 (s, 2H), 5.14 (s, 2H), 5.19 (s, 2H), 5.42 (s, 2H), 6.05 (br. s, 1H), 6.65 (br. s, 2H), 6.85 (br. s, 1H); ¹³C{¹H} NMR (75 MHz, DMSO- d_6) δ 25.42, 50.23, 55.63, 56.21, 56.71, 62.25, 118.71, 122.66, 151.10, 154.60, 157.67; MS m/z (M⁺) 239; HRMS m/z for C₁₃H₂₀N₂O₄ calcd 268.1423; found 268.1400; Anal.calcd for C₁₃H₂₀N₂O₄: C, 58.19; H, 7.51; N, 10.44; found C, 57.99; H, 7.49; N, 10.18; mp 178-180 °C

Kinetics. Experiments were conducted in silanized 5 mm NMR tubes that were sealed under vacuum using a propane torch. In a typical experiment, **2** (12.5 μ L of a 100 mM solution in methanol- d_4), **4** (6.5 μ L, 125 μ mol), **28** (15 μ L, 250 μ mol), methanol (5 μ L as an internal integration standard), methanol- d_4 (132.5 μ L) and D₂O (350 μ L) were combined in an NMR tube and freeze-pump-thawed- three cycles. The tube was then place in the spectrometer which was set at 85 °C and equilibrated for approximately three minutes, after which time ¹H NMR data were collected for three half-lives.

Double Isotopic Crossover Experiment. In a 10 mL round bottom flask, **4** (10 μ L, 191 μ mol), **3** (34 mg, 382 μ mol), Cp[§]-*d*₄Co(COD) (47 μ L of a 100 mM solution in methanol-*d*₄, 4.7 μ mol), Cp[§]Co(COD-*d*₈) (47 μ L of a 100 mM solution in methanol-*d*₄, 4.7 μ mol), D₂O (1.05 mL) and methanol-*d*₄ were combined and thoroughly mixed. The sample was then aliquotted into two separate, silanized 5 mm NMR tubes equipped with Teflon screw caps, one tube containing 500 μ L, the other 1.00 mL. A 200 μ L aliquot was removed from the tube containing 1.00 mL, dried *in-vacuo* and sealed under vacuum in a glass capillary. The tubes were freeze-pump-thawed three times, and a ¹H NMR was taken at t=0 of both tubes. The tubes were then placed in a constant temperature bath set at 85 °C. The reaction was monitored by ¹H NMR, withdrawing 200 μ L aliquots from the tube containing the larger volume at one half-life, two half-lives, and three half-lives. The aliquots were treated as described above and submitted for mass spectral analysis. The experiment was repeated three times and gave reproducible results.

¹ Sigman, M.S.; Fatland, A.W.; Eaton, B.E. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 1998, 120, 5130